UCRIS-Albanian OpenScience Initiative

Rrjeti Akademik Shqiptar

June 2022 – v3

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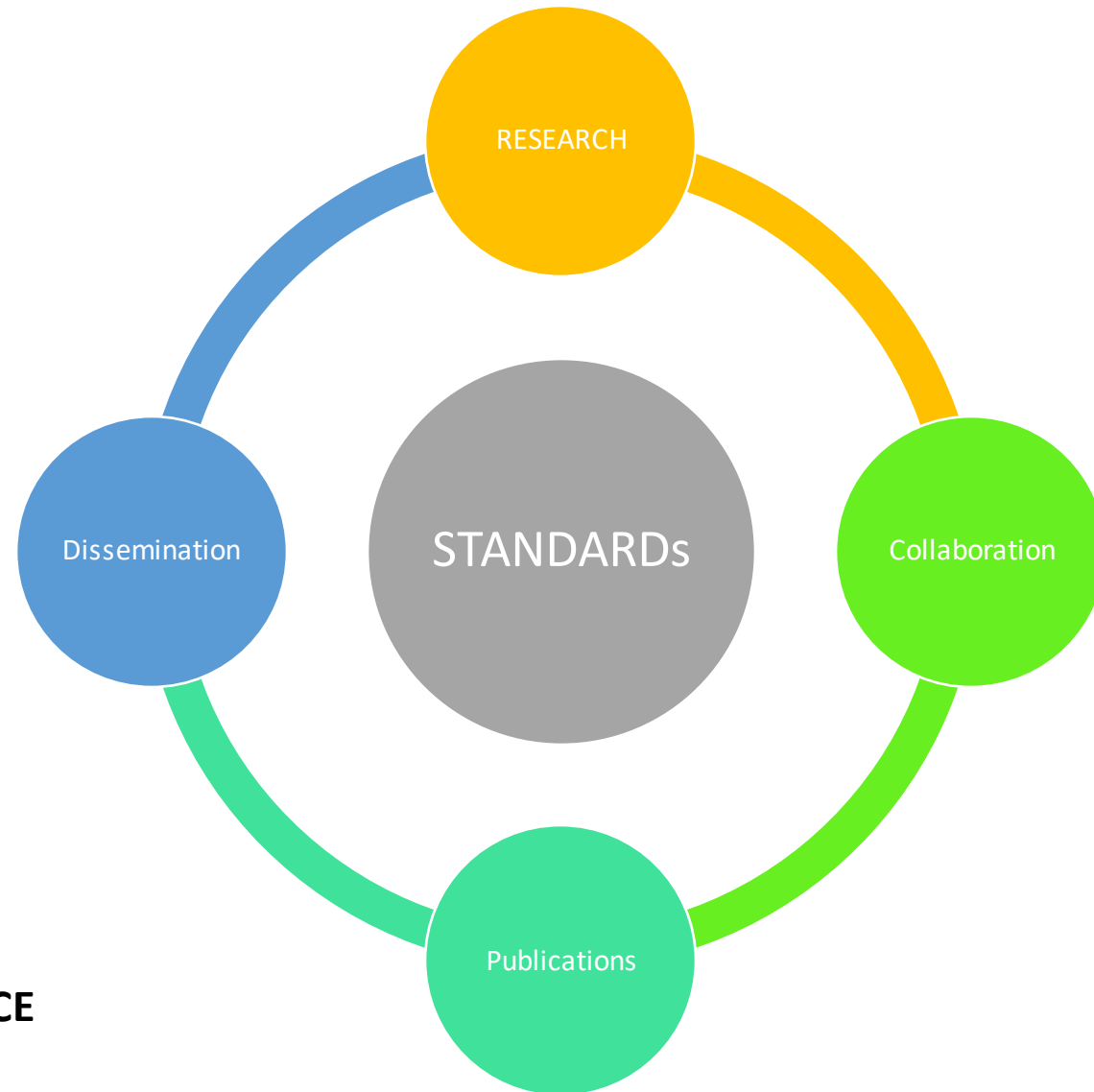
Research needs publications

Publications are achieved
through Collaboration and
dissemination

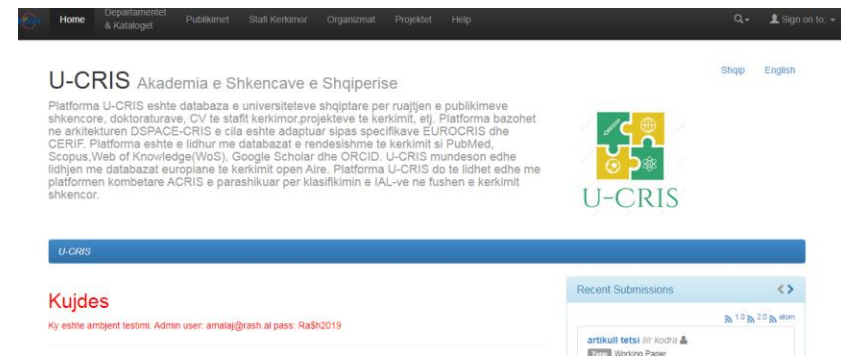Collaboration and dissemination
need **STANDARDS**

RESEARCHERS need a platform that
implements most STANDARDS : DUBLIN
CORE, CERIF, CRIS…

UCRIS achieves this through **DSPACE**
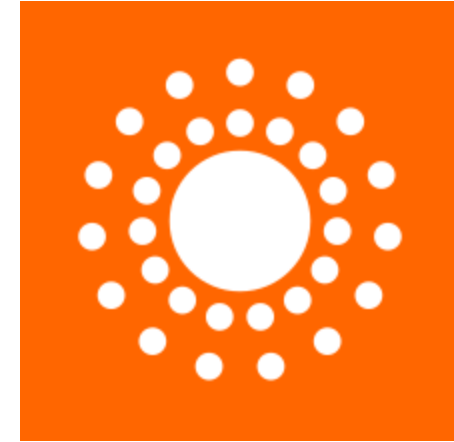
Ucris- platforma per publikimet shkencore

❖ Katalog per publikimet dhe aktvitetet shkencore, doktoraturave, projekte te kerkimit, CV per stafin akademik

❖ Arkitektuara e platformes eshte adaptuar sipas specifikave EUROCRIS dhe CERIF e ngjashme me kataloget qe perdorin universitetet europiane

❖ Platforma mundeson lidhje te automatizuar me platformat e iniziatives se BE : OpenAire dhe Ni4OS (Open Access Infrastructure for Research in Europe, Open Science Cloud)

❖ Stafi Akademik do te kete mundesin te importoje te dhenat ne menyre te automatizuar fale lidhjes me Scopus, WOS, ORCID

❖ Ambienti Demo : https://test.ucris.rash.al/

DSPACE IMPLEMENTON DUBLIN CORE

The **Dublin Core**, also known as the Dublin Core
Metadata Element Set, is a set of fifteen "core" elements
(properties) for describing resources. This fifteen-element
Dublin Core has been formally standardized as ISO 15836

1. Contributor – "An entity responsible for making contributions to the resource."
2. Coverage – "The spatial or temporal topic of the resource, the spatial applicability of the resource, or the jurisdiction under which the resource is relevant."
3. Creator – "An entity primarily responsible for making the resource."
4. Date – "A point or period of time associated with an event in the lifecycle of the resource."
5. Description – "An account of the resource."
6. Format – "The file format, physical medium, or dimensions of the resource."
7. Identifier – "An unambiguous reference to the resource within a given context."
8. Language – "A language of the resource."
9. Publisher – "An entity responsible for making the resource available."
10. Relation – "A related resource."
11. Rights – "Information about rights held in and over the resource."
12. Source – "A related resource from which the described resource is derived."
13. Subject – "The topic of the resource."
14. Title – "A name given to the resource."
15. Type – "The nature or genre of the resource."

DSPACE-CRIS - CERIF

❖ UCRIS implementon formatin CERIF (Common European Research Information Format) te sistemeve si CRIS (Current Research Information System) standartin e implementuar nga EUROCRIS

❖ DSPACE-CRIS implementon udhezime : OpenAIRE-CRIS-CERIF Guidelines; kjo mundeson regjistrimin si CRIS ne OpenAIRE infrastructure duke implementuar CERIF standard.

cfPersonName (cfPersName) cfDublinCore (cfDC)
cfDCAudience (cfDCAudience) cfDCContributor
(cfDCContributor) cfDCCoverage (cfDCCoverage)
cfDCCoverageSpatial (cfDCCoverageSpatial)
cfDCCoverateTemporal (cfDCCoverageTemporal)
cfDCCreator (cfDCCreator) cfDCDate (cfDCDate)
cfDCDescription (cfDCDescription) cfDCFormat
(cfDCFormat) cfDCLanguage (cfDCLanguage)
cfDCProvenance (cfDCProvenance) cfDCPublisher
(cfDCPublisher) cfDCRelation (cfDCRelation)
cfDCResourceIdentifier (cfDCResourceIdentifier)
cfDCResourceType (cfDCResourceType) cfDCRightsHolder
(cfDCRighsHolder) cfDCRightsManagement
(cfDCRightsMM) cfDCRightsManagementAccessRights
(cfDCRightsMMAccessRight)
cfDCRightsManagementLicense (cfDCRightsMMLicence)
cfDCSource (cfDCSource) cfDCSubject (cfDCSubject)
cfDCTitle (cfDCTitle)

LIDHJA ME ORCID,SCOPUS,PUBMED,WOS and CKAN

❖ UCRIS eshte e lidhur me databazat me te 'pasura' : Elsevier, WOS,ORCID,PUBMED

❖ Cdo publikim sinkronizohet nepermjet id: SCOPUS-ID, PUBMED-ID,ORCID-ID

❖ Te dhenat mund te importhoen edhe sipas formatit te portalit open dat CKAN (Comprehensive Knowledge Archive Network)

INDIKATORET E REVISTAVE

❖ Indikatoret jane parashikur te perdoren ne platformen e vlersimit ACRIS

❖ UCRIS mundeson importimin e tyre ne kohe reale dhe ne menyre te automatizuar

❖ Scopus :

    ❖ SNIP- source normalized impact per paper. This indicator measures the average citation impact of the publications of a journal. Unlike the well-known journal impact factor, SNIP corrects for differences in citation practices between scientific fields, thereby allowing for more accurate between-field comparisons of citation impact

    ❖ SJR - SCImago Journal Rank indicator. It is a measure of journal's impact, influence or prestige. It expresses the average number of weighted citations received in the selected year by the documents published in the journal in the three previous years

    ❖ CiteScore - Scopus is not longer using the Impact factor of Thomson-Reuters. This is a new metric computed as CiteScore = Number of citation in 2016 / (number of documents from 2013 to 2015) The CiteScore gives in general a number higher than the Impact Factor.

Please use this identifier to cite or link to this item: http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/18

Title:	The "J curve" problem revisited: old and new findings
Authors:	Grassi, Guido 👤 Quarti-Trevano, Fosca 👤 Dell'Oro, Raffaella 👤 Mancia, Giuseppe 👤
Keywords:	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;
Issue Date:	Aug-2010
Journal:	Current hypertension reports ℹ
Abstract:	This paper critically addresses the issue of the "J-curve" paradox--the finding described in studies performed about 30 years ago indicating that treatment-induced systolic blood pressure values below 120 or 125 mm Hg and diastolic blood pressure values below 75 mm Hg are characterized by an increase, rather than a reduction, in the incidence of coronary events. This paper focuses on four major subjects: 1) the benefits of a lower blood pressure target during treatment; 2) the historical background of the "J-curve" phenomenon; 3) the evidence collected in recent clinical trials...

SCOPUS™ Citations
15 ⓘ
checked on Mar 8, 2021

Google Scholar™
Check

Perse DSPACE-UCRIS ?

❖ OpenDOAR : me shum se 60% platformave jane dspace

❖ OpenAire Guidelines jane implementuar sipas arkitektures DSPACE-CRIS

❖ WIN Researcher : perfiton ne procesin e dissemination/collaboration

❖ WIN Universiteti : krijon akses ne projektet e financuara nga UE Horizon 2020 si EOSC/NI4OS/OPENAIRE

- ❖ UT : https://ut.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UPT : https://upt.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UMT : https://umt.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UBT : https://ubt.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UST : https://ust.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UART : https://uart.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UNISHK : https://unishk.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UAMD : https://uamd.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UNIEL : https://uniel.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UNKORCE : https://unkorce.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UNIVLORA : https://univlora.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ UOGJ : https://uogj.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ Akademia shkencave : https://akad.ucris.rash.al
- ❖ Albanologjia : https://asa.ucris.rash.al

WHY AND HOW

❖ Universitetet kerkojne financim per kerkimin shkencor

❖ UE mbeshtet kerkimin nepermjet **European Open Science Cloud** (**EOSC**)

❖ Si mund te perfshihen universitetet shqiptare?

❖ **HAPI I PARE** : Regjistrimi i Databazave/Sherbimeve ne vitrinat OpenDOAR/OpenAire/DRIS(eurocris)/Ni4OS

❖ OpenAire Provide Dashboard is a one-stop-service where content providers interact with OpenAIRE and become a building block of a global Open Research community. A gateway to the European Open Science Cloud. : https://provide.openaire.eu/

❖ Opendoar registration: https://forms.sherpa.ac.uk/new-repository.php?service-identifier=opendoar2

❖ Regjistrimi ne NI4OS: https://catalogue.ni4os.eu/

Regjistrimi ne AGORA

❖ Linku : https://agora.ni4os.eu/ui/

APPENDIX

DEPARTAMENTET DHE KATALOGET

❖ Ne Ucris mund te krijohet nje hierarki te njesive dhe katalogeve te tyre

❖ Fillimisht kijohet njesia kryesore(top level) qe identifikon Universitetin

❖ Njesia kryesore do te kete nen vete njesite e nivelit te dyte : Fakultete

❖ Njesite e nivelite te trete do te identifikojne departamentet

❖ Per te treja nivelet mund te krijohen nje ose me shume kataloge/koleksione

❖ Krijimi I me shume se nje katalogu per njesi mund te perdoret per te diferencuar kategorine e publikimeve psh : publikime ne revista te huaja mund te ruhen ne nje katalog te vecante dhe publikimet ne revista shqiptare ne nje katalog tjeter ; keshtu edhe per monografite, kapitujt,etj

❖ Kataloget mund te diferencohen brenda nje njesie edhe per llojin e tyre : psh nje katalog I dedikuar per artikuj, nje per video, audio, tema diplome, prezantime, matje/raw data/dataset, etj

REGJISTRIMI I NJE PUBLIKIMI

❖ Platforma ofrohet ne dy gjuhe Anglisht/Shqip; por mund te konfigurohet edhe ne gjuhe te tjera ne rast bashlepunimi me universitete te vendeve te tjera ; perdoruesi ndryshon gjuhen ne ikonen perkatese

❖ Pasi eshte loguar perdoruesi , akseson hapesiren e tij/saj

❖ Per te regjistruar nje publikim/artikull > Regjistro Publikim/Artikull

❖ Importimi nga Databaza PubMed: Nese artikulli eshte regjistruar ne PubMed, > Search for Identifier > Vendoset ID > Search

❖ Sistemi do te propozoj artikullin > Konsultohen te dhenat si autoret/titull, etj> Perzgjidhet katalogu ku do te importohet > Import > Fushat do te plotesohen automatikisht

❖ Plotesohen fushat bosh > Next > Plotesohen fushat e tjera > Next >

❖ Faqja e te drejtave per artikullin : > Selektohet private nese atikulli nuk do te konsultohet publikisht > ose vendoset Bllokim te aksesit te perkohshem (Embargo) per nje grup te caktuar dhe per nje perjudhe te caktuar

❖ Next> Ngarkohet artikulli (ose jo nese nuk ka) > Next > Konsultohet permbledhja e informacioneve > Next

❖ Granti Licence (nese parashikohet) : ne rastin kur katalogu do te perdoret ne nje projekt ose bashkepunim , pranohet rregullorja e shpendarjese , nese ka te tille nga senati akademik/zura ligjore

❖ Nese nuk eshte parashikur fluski I aprovimi, artikulli I regjistruar mund te konsultohet tek artikujt e aprovuar , menu 'Katalogu im'

❖ Ne katalog mund te konsultohen te gjitha informacionet e publikimit , te cilat mund te editohen

❖ Indikatoret e revistave /Citimet : Platforma do te shfaqi edhe indikatoret te importuara nga databazat scopus/wos/etj

❖ Te njetat hapa ndiqen per artikuj nga databazat e tjera ose duke perdorur id te tjere si psh : DOI /ORCID ID

REGJISTRIMI MANUAL

❖ Nese artikulli nuk gjendet ne databazat e lidhura, atehere mund te regjistrohet manualisht

❖ Perzgjidhet Katalogu ku do te regjistrohet > Plotesohen fushat minimale : autore, titull, data e publikimit, identifikues si ISBN/ISSN / DOI , Abstract, keywords, Revista ku eshte publikuar,

❖ Vijohet me hapat e tjere si auditori qe mund te kete akses, file per tu ngarkuar > Ne fund Save/Submit

MANUAL

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SBJL9A-qe7U